## Stroke and STEMI System Element Presentations March 18, 2008

(③-Common Time Critical Element, ♥ - STEMI, ♥ - Stroke)

Element	Presentation Assignee	Presentation
	Group Leader	Time Allowed
911-Emergency medical dispatch ©		Allowed
1) Statewide 911 access		
<ul><li>2) Statewide emergency medical dispatch (EMD)</li><li>3) EMS dispatch protocols—dispatchers know Stroke-STEMI signs and symptoms</li></ul>	Jerry Kirchhoff   Salvador Cruz-Flores   Jason White	5 minutes
signs and symptoms	Mark Alexander	
What is statewide EMD coverage? Does this require regional	Walk / Woxariaer	
911 call centers?		
What should dispatchers do with this information?		
Who should oversee statewide EMD?		
Who should oversee statewide 911?		
Should we have statewide call processing time parameters?		
Response Coordination (5)	-	5 minutes
4) Stroke-STEMI considered life-threatening and triggers		
appropriate activation		
5) Mutual aid agreements between neighboring service areas		
How can activation be triggered consistently?		
Who is activated when stroke-STEMI is identified?		
How will mutual aid agreements assure coverage for rural		
area?		
Pre-hospital Response: ®		
<ul><li>6) Appropriate field equipment (e.g., 12-lead EKG) &amp; data transmission to hospital ♥</li></ul>		10 minutes
7) All EMS recognize stroke-STEMI and have consistent	Joan Drake	
protocols—one triage protocol and assessment tool	Jason Lynch ♥	
8) Consistent, appropriate technology link between field and	Ken Koch €	
hospital	Ruby Mehrer •	
9) Field activation of cath lab / stroke team (at minimum call to ED from field) ♥	Liz Deken ♥	
10) Helicopter Early Launch Program (HELP) (DHSS Added)		
What criteria would be used for field activation?		
What are "consistent protocols" and how would they be		
established? Will "one" protocol and assessment tool be		
sufficient?		
Is field triage an explicit component of this recommendation?		
What is the difference between data transmission and		
technology link? Should field activation be mandated?		
Should HELP be included in the recommendation for the TCD		
system for stroke and STEMI?		

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<ul> <li>Transport protocol, <sup>⑤</sup></li> <li>11) EMS to field site within designated time</li> <li>12) Transport protocol— <ul> <li>a) Regionalize</li> <li>b) Push destination decision to field</li> <li>c) Protocol considers patient, location and ambient conditions</li> <li>d) Stroke symptom onset of 6-8 hours, then transport to nearest facility </li> <li>e) All EMS identify appropriate care centers for transport based on protocol/algorithm</li> <li>f) Support care</li> <li>g) Transport policy needs to inform/edit current ground or air decisions once designated centers exist</li> </ul> </li> <li>13) Inter-hospital transfer agreements</li> </ul>	Ken Koch ♣ Ruby Mehrer ♣ Joan Drake ♥ Taz Meyer ♥ Terry Buddemeyer ♥	10 minutes
How do you set up a designated response time? Is there data to support the value of this? How should the transport protocol be developed to address items listed in 12? Should regional transport protocols be established? Is field triage an explicit component of this recommendation? How do you minimize field triage mistakes (over/under activation)? Is 6-8 hours documented in the literature as the appropriate cut-off mark for stroke center transport? What is the cut-off mark for STEMI center transport?		
Hospital ⊕ STEMI  14) ED physicians play key role in determining patient care & destination ♥  a) Cath lab b) Lytics c) Hospital destination decision d) Consistent training	Dmitri Baklanov George Kichura ♥	5 minutes
Who should activate a cath lab? What is an acceptable over/under triage rate? Who provides training? What does it consist of? What is the time breakpoint for deciding between lytics and cath lab? Is there a role for "drip and ship"? Is there a role for field lytics?		

Hospital Joes not allow diversions 16) All hospitals provide timely triage, treatment or referral for walk-ins 17) Designated Centers- ♥ a) Standards and designation process for different levels of care b) Explore research at highest level of STEMI center 18) STEMI system gap analysis a) Plan to fill gaps b) Coordinate connectivity of critical access hospitals 19) All hospitals have written plan & transfer agreements that guide operations 20) Transition back to referral facility and/or PCP after acute event 21) Access to cardiologist  What is the time breakpoint for deciding between lytics and cath lab? Is there a role for "drip and ship"? Is there a role for field lytics? Should there be a state mandated time standard for symptom onset to definitive care? If yes, what should it be?  What are some general guidelines for the designation process? What are some general guidelines for the designation process? Should the Department gather input to inform the designation process? Should the Department mandate specific PCI protocols? E.g., suspected anatomical artery catheterization first, delayed arch study, direct field triage to the cath lab bypassing the ED? Should the Department mandate a specific percentage of D2B time less than 90 minutes? What percentage of an entry into a STEMI registry? What demonts aboutled he in a mediata?	Element	Presentation Assignee Group Leader	Presentation Time Allowed
What elements should be in a registry?	<ul> <li>15) Hospital does not allow diversions</li> <li>16) All hospitals provide timely triage, treatment or referral for walk-ins</li> <li>17) Designated Centers- ♥ <ul> <li>a) Standards and designation process for different levels of care</li> <li>b) Explore research at highest level of STEMI center</li> </ul> </li> <li>18) STEMI system gap analysis <ul> <li>a) Plan to fill gaps</li> <li>b) Coordinate connectivity of critical access hospitals</li> </ul> </li> <li>19) All hospitals have written plan &amp; transfer agreements that guide operations</li> <li>20) Transition back to referral facility and/or PCP after acute event</li> <li>21) Access to cardiologist</li> </ul> <li>What is the time breakpoint for deciding between lytics and cath lab? <ul> <li>Is there a role for "drip and ship"? Is there a role for field lytics?</li> <li>Should there be a state mandated time standard for symptom onset to definitive care?</li> <li>If yes, what should it be?</li> <li>What percentage of the time should the hospital have to meet that standard?</li> <li>Has timely triage been defined for walk-ins?</li> <li>What are some general guidelines for the designation process?</li> <li>How should the Department gather input to inform the designation process?</li> <li>Should the Department mandate specific PCI protocols?</li> <li>E.g., suspected anatomical artery catheterization first, delayed arch study, direct field triage to the cath lab bypassing the ED?</li> <li>Should the Department mandate a specific percentage of D2B time less than 90 minutes?</li> <li>Who should be responsible for data entry into a STEMI</li> </ul> </li>	George Kichura ♥ Linda Dean ♥	

Element	Presentation Assignee Group Leader	Presentation Time Allowed
Hospital-Stroke  22) Hospital does not allow diversions  23) All hospitals provide timely triage, treatment or referral for walk-ins  24) Designated Centers ♣  a) Standards and designation process for different levels of care  b) Stroke research at highest level  25) Statewide assessment of each hospital's stroke capacity  a) Plan to fill gaps b) Coordinate connectivity of critical access hospitals  26) All hospitals have written plan & transfer agreements that guide operations  27) Transition back to referral facility and/or PCP after acute event  28) Access to neurologist  Is there a role for "drip and ship"?  Should there be a state mandated time standard for symptom onset to definitive care?  If yes, what should it be?  What percentage of the time should the hospital have to meet that standard?  Has timely triage been defined for walk-ins?  What are some general guidelines for the designation process?  How should the Department gather input to inform the designation process?  Should the Department mandate specific stroke treatment protocols? E.g., who qualifies for an IV thrombolytic, a Merci retriever or intra-arterial thrombolytic?  Does hemorrhagic stroke need to be addressed in a TCD system?  Should the Department mandate a specific percentage of stroke patients treated?  Who should be responsible for data entry into a stroke registry?  What elements should be in a registry?	Eddie Spain Carol Beal  Debby Sprandel  Salvador Cruz-Flores Sondra Solomon Kathryn Hedges	20 minutes
Hospital-Stroke 29) Telemedicine for neuro-assessment   What role does telemedicine need to play in the TCD system? How should this element be folded into the TCD system? How can neurologists be engaged in this process? How are state physician licensing, payment and liability	Pam Kelly   Jeremy Barnes   Barry Robbins   Salvador Cruz-Flores	5 minutes

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issues managed with telemedicine?		
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Hospital 30) Maintain role of small community hospital in TCD system.	Randy McCullough ♥ ■	5 minutes
<ul> <li>Quality Improvement System<sup>®</sup></li> <li>31) Streamlined and coordinated data collection process supports TCD system and quality improvement</li> <li>a) Feedback loop,</li> <li>b) Collection not redundant builds on existing data systems</li> <li>c) STEMI Registry ♥</li> <li>d) Stroke Registry №</li> <li>e) Allows QI data sharing within system without liability</li> <li>How do we deal with the peer review protection issue?</li> <li>Who should coordinate or perform the QI function at the TCD system level?</li> <li>How should we benchmark data elements?</li> <li>How can we ensure that the TCD data collection process is not redundant or result in extra layers of work?</li> </ul>	Linda Brown ♥ Luann Pfau ♥ Bobby Olm-Shipman Debby Sprandel №	10 minutes
Professional Education ⑤ 32) EMS field providers training on assessment & triage protocols 33) Practitioners keep pace with evidence based practices a. All staff have minimal competencies b. Training on protocols for stroke-STEMI care 34) Basic Life Support (BLS) requirement: obtain 12-lead (not interpretation) ♥  What is the purpose of professional education regarding TCD?  Does anything need to be added to the current training networks and approaches to address TCD elements? What is required to make 12-lead acquisition a BLS skill? How is professional education going to use QI data to modify education programs?	Taz Meyer ♥ Scott Duff   Liz Deken ♥	5 minutes

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Element	Presentation Assignee	Presentation Time Allowed
Public Education © 35) Understand Hospital Designated Levels of Care and when appropriate to use community vs. non-community hospital. 36) Informed patient –recognize signs & symptoms, call 911 37) Informed patient advocates—where to go for treatment (regular vs. referral hospital) 38) Support group with coordinated resources post events	Sondra Solomon   Marianne Ronan   Liz Deken	5 minutes
General © 39) Consistent protocols to meet standards of care 40) Consistent terminology-between field & hospital 41) Integrated network for primary & specialty care	Linda Dean ♥ Salvador Cruz-Flores	5 minutes
42) Payer policy review to support right care 43) Insurance company outreach and education to provide coverage and reimbursement	Jim Waring ♥	5 minutes
System Administration/Oversight (1) 44) Statutory and Regulatory Authority to implement TCD system 45) Establish oversight advisory council	Bill Jermyn♥ ■	5 minutes